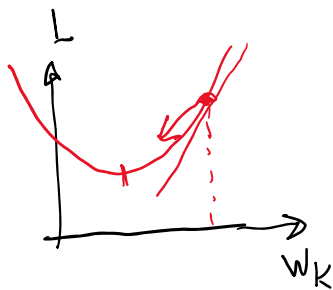


Backprop (lecture)

Tuesday, April 28, 2020 13:50

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \begin{array}{c} x_1 \circ \\ x_2 \circ \\ \vdots \\ x_N \circ \end{array} \rightarrow y = \sum_j^N w_j x_j = \underline{w} \cdot \underline{x} \\
 & L = \sum_{\mu}^P (y^{\mu} - \sum_j^N w_j x_j^{\mu})^2
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\Delta w_k = -\alpha \frac{\partial L}{\partial w_k}$$

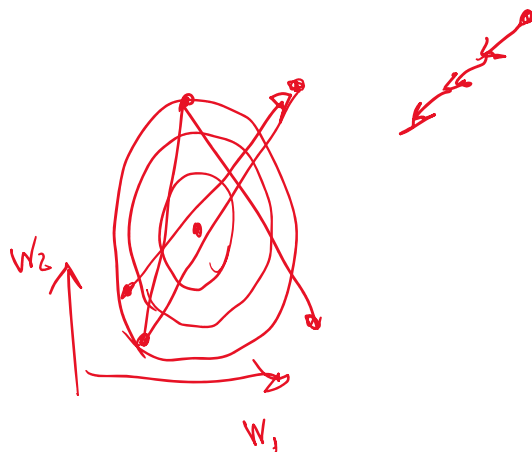
$$\Delta w_k = -2\alpha \underbrace{\sum_{\mu}^P (y^{\mu} - \sum_j^N w_j x_j^{\mu})}_{\delta^{\mu}} \cdot (-x_k^{\mu}) = \underbrace{2\alpha}_{\alpha} \sum_{\mu}^P \delta^{\mu} x_k^{\mu}$$

SGD: $\mu \rightarrow \Delta w_k = \alpha \delta^{\mu} x_k^{\mu}$ LTP/LTD

$$y = f\left(\sum_j^N w_j x_j\right)$$

$$\Delta w_k = \alpha \sum_{\mu}^P \delta^{\mu} \cdot f'\left(\sum_j^N w_j x_j^{\mu}\right) \cdot x_k^{\mu}$$

$$\delta^{\mu} \rightarrow \delta^{\mu} f'\left(\sum_j^N w_j x_j^{\mu}\right)$$

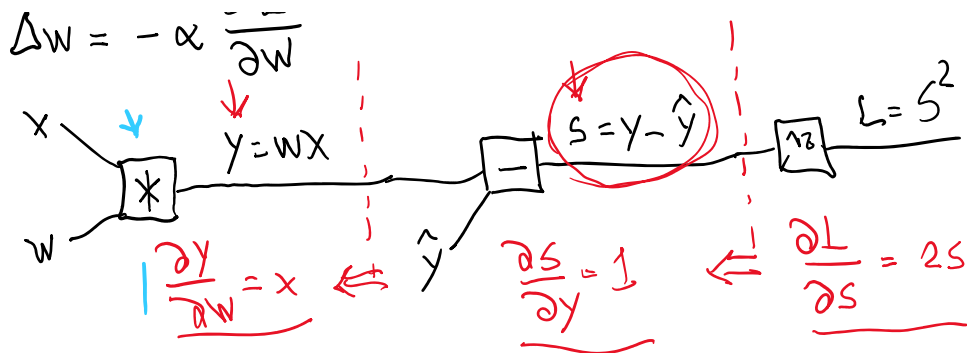


$$y = \underline{w} \cdot \underline{x} \quad \underline{x} \xrightarrow{\underline{w}} y$$

$$L = (y - \hat{y})^2 = (wx - \hat{y})^2$$

$$\Delta w = -\alpha \frac{\partial L}{\partial w}$$



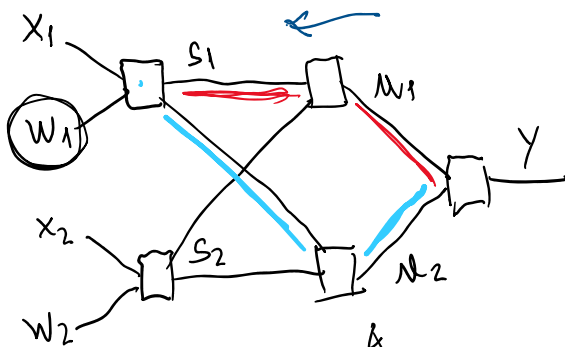


$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial w} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial s} \frac{\partial s}{\partial y} \frac{\partial y}{\partial w}$$

FW: $x=1 \Rightarrow y=2 \Rightarrow s=2 \Rightarrow L=4$
 $w=2$
 $\hat{y}=0$

BW: $\Delta w = 1 \cdot 4 \cdot 1 \cdot 2 \leftarrow \frac{\partial s}{\partial y} = 1 \cdot 4 \leftarrow \frac{\partial L}{\partial s} = 4$

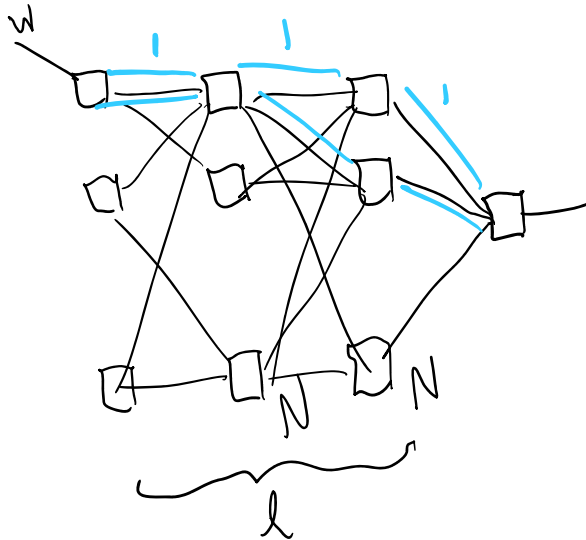
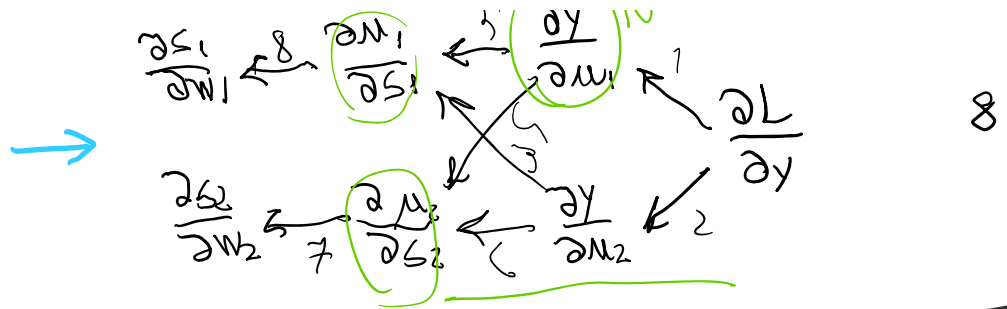
$w \rightarrow w + \Delta w$



$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial w_1} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial y} \frac{\partial y}{\partial w_1} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial y} \frac{\partial y}{\partial s_1} \frac{\partial s_1}{\partial w_1} + \frac{\partial L}{\partial y} \frac{\partial y}{\partial s_2} \frac{\partial s_2}{\partial w_1}$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial w_2} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial y} \frac{\partial y}{\partial w_2} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial y} \frac{\partial y}{\partial s_1} \frac{\partial s_1}{\partial w_2} + \frac{\partial L}{\partial y} \frac{\partial y}{\partial s_2} \frac{\partial s_2}{\partial w_2}$$

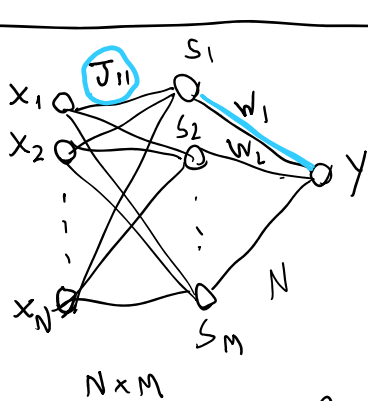
Diagram illustrating the backward pass for the weights w_1 and w_2 :



$$\sim N^l$$

$$N \cdot N \cdot (l-1) = N^2 l \ll N^l$$

$$\gg 1$$



$$y = f\left(\sum_j w_j s_j\right)$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$f\left(\sum_k J_{jk} x_k\right)$$

$$h_j$$

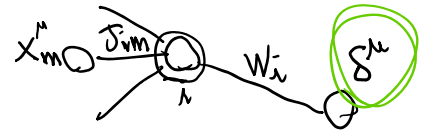
$$L(\{w, J\}) = \sum_{\mu}^P \left(y^{\mu} - f\left(\sum_j w_j s_j\right) \right)^2$$

$$\Delta w_i = -\alpha \frac{\partial L}{\partial w_i} = +2\alpha \sum_{\mu}^P \left(y^{\mu} - f(h^{\mu}) \right) f'(h^{\mu}) s_i^{\mu} = 2\alpha \sum_{\mu}^P \delta^{\mu} s_i^{\mu}$$

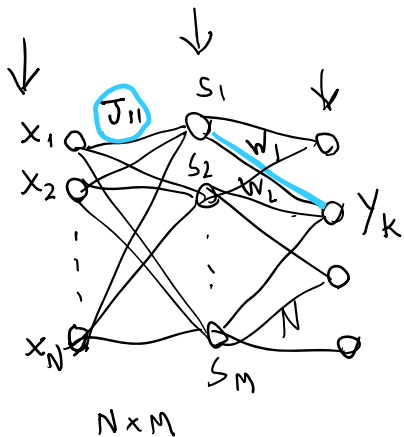
$$\Delta J_{im} = -\alpha \frac{\partial L}{\partial J_{im}} = -\alpha \sum_{\mu}^P \frac{\partial L}{\partial s_i} \frac{\partial s_i}{\partial J_{im}} \rightarrow f'(h_i^{\mu}) x_m^{\mu}$$

$$-\delta^M w_i$$

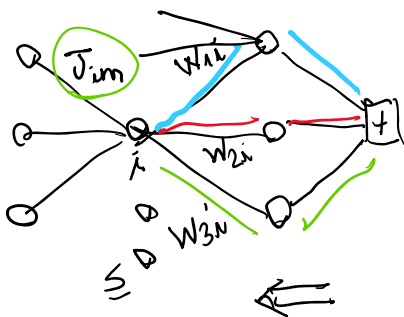
$$\Delta J_{im} = 2\alpha \sum_p \underbrace{\delta^M w_i f'(h_i^M)}_{\text{DEF} = \delta_i^M} \cdot \underline{x_m^M}$$



$$\underline{\delta_i^M} = f'(h_i^M) w_i \delta^M$$



$$L = \sum_k^{N_y} \sum_p^P [y_k^M - f(\sum_j^M w_{kj} s_j)]$$



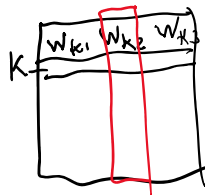
$$\delta_{y_k}^M = (y_k^M - f(\dots)) f'(h_{y_k}^M)$$

$$\Delta J_{im} = \alpha \sum_p^P \delta_i^M x_m^M$$

$$f'(h_i^M) \sum_k^{N_y} \underline{w_{ki} \delta_{y_k}^M}$$

$$W \rightarrow W^T$$

$$\underline{y} = W \underline{s}$$



$$y_k = f(\sum_j^M w_{kj} s_j)$$

$$\sum_k^{N_y} w_{ki} \delta_{y_k}^M = W^T \cdot \underline{\delta_y}$$